

Programma di Lingua e Cultura Inglese
Classe 2BL
Ins. CENTINI Annalisa

LIBRI DI TESTO: LANGUAGE FOR LIFE (B1) - Ben Wetz OUP
GRAMMAR REFERENCE - M. Andreolli - P. Linwood PETRINI

- **Module 1:**

Unit 1: Time out

Unit 2 : That's life

Unit 3: Go for it!

Strutture linguistiche: Present Simple (affirmative-negative-question form and short answers); adverbs of frequency; Present Continuous; Present Simple and Present Continuous; Past Simple; Past Continuous; Past simple v Past Continuous; comparative and superlative adjectives; adverbs of manner; suffix - ful.

Funzioni linguistiche: daily routine; free time activities; actions in progress; past actions; actions in progress in a specific moment of the past; interrupted past; talking on the phone; express likes and dislikes; how to agree and disagree.

Lexis : social media, sports,

- **Module 2:**

Unit 4: Sensational!

Unit 5: No limits

Unit 6: Years ahead

Strutture linguistiche: Present Perfect (experience) + *ever/never*; Present Perfect+ *just, already, yet, still; been/gone; for/since*; Present Perfect or Past Simple?; Present Perfect Continuous; The Future: Present Simple as a future; Present Continuous with a future meaning; to be going to; will/won't (predictions); will/won't (decisions, offers, promises); Shall I/Shall we?; will v might; 1st Conditional; extreme adjectives; suffix – less; suffix -tion; -ed and -ing adjectives; so/neither+auxiliary+subject pronoun.

Funzioni linguistiche: recent actions; actions in an undefined past; past actions with a present outcome; finished and unfinished actions; future arrangements; predictions; promises; make and respond to suggestions; give and respond to invitations; talk about sensations; talk about probability and possibility.

Lexis: geographical features; the senses.

- **Module 3:**

Unit 7: Waste not, want not

Unit 8: Aspire

Unit 9: Make a difference

Strutture linguistiche: The Passive (all the forms); modals: have to/don't have to, must/mustn't; should/shouldn't, can/could/be able to, may/might; Conditionals: zero, first, second conditional; quantifiers; too, too much, too many, enough.

Funzioni linguistiche: orders and prohibitions; abilities and possibilities; necessities; hypothesis; how to express purpose.

Lexis: Consumerism and the environment; environmental issues.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE sono stati svolti tutti gli esercizi di grammatica relativi agli argomenti trattati.

Un'ora alla settimana è stata effettuata una compresenza con la conversatrice: le lezioni sono state mirate a stimolare la comprensione della lingua, la produzione, sia orale che scritta, unitamente all'acquisizione del lessico nuovo.

La classe ha effettuato uno stage di una settimana a Dublino .

Anzio, 30/05/2019

Il docente

Gli studenti